

## Homework 5

MAT 200, Instructor: Alena Erchenko

1. Prove that for every integer  $x$ , if  $x$  is odd then  $x^3$  is odd.
2. Prove that for every integer  $x$ , if  $x$  is odd then there exists an integer  $y$  such that  $x^2 = 8y + 1$ .
3. Proof that for all sets  $A, B$ , and  $C$ , we have  $(A \cap B) \times C = (A \times C) \cap (B \times C)$ .
4. (DeMorgan's Laws) Prove that if  $\{A_n\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$  is a collection of subsets of  $A$ , then

$$\left( \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} A_n \right)^c = \bigcap_{n \in \mathbb{N}} A_n^c$$

and

$$\left( \bigcap_{n \in \mathbb{N}} A_n \right)^c = \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} A_n^c$$

where the complements are taken relative to  $A$ .

5. For any  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  define  $A_n = (-\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{n}) = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -\frac{1}{n} < x < \frac{1}{n}\}$ . Find  $\bigcap_{n \in \mathbb{N}} A_n$  and justify your answer with a proof.
6. Let  $E \subset \mathbb{R}$  and  $F \subset \mathbb{R}$ . Let  $X = \{(x, y) \mid x, y \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } y = x\}$ . Prove that if  $X \subset E \times F$ , then  $E \times F = \mathbb{R}^2$ .