# **DEEP-SEA RESEARCH PART I**

## Volume 117

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## **DEEP-SEA RESEARCH I**

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DR. IGOR BELKIN: Graduate School of Oceanography, University of Rhode Island, Narragansett, RI 02882, USA PROF. IMANTS (MONTY) G. PRIEDE: Institute of Biological & Environmental Sciences, Oceanlab, University of Aberdeen, Aberdeen AB41 6AA United Kingdom

I. G. PRIEDE

USA

D. A. SMEED

European Way,

D. K. STEINBERG

VA 23062, USA

Newburgh, Aberdeen, Scotland AB41 6AA, UK

P. L. RICHARDSON

University of Aberdeen, Ocean Laboratory,

Physical Oceanography Department, Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution,

Clark 213A, Woods Hole, MA 02543,

Southampton, SO14 3ZH, UK

Department of Biological Sciences, Virginia Institute of Marine Science,

Rt. 1208 Greate Rd., Gloucester Pt,

Ocean Modelling and Forecasting Group, National Oceanography Centre, Southampton

	Associate Editors
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Hawaii Pacific University,	Brooklyn College of the City
45-045 Kamehameha Highway Kaneohe,	University of New York,
HI 96744, USA	2900 Bedford Avenue,
R. FRANCOIS	Brooklyn, NY 11210, USA
Department of Earth and Ocean Sciences,	R. J. MATEAR
The University of British Columbia,	CSIRO Division of Marine Research,
6339 Stores Road,Vancouver,	GPO Box 1538,
British Columbia,V6T 1Z4, Canada	Hobart, Tasmania 7001,
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Research (NIWA) Ltd,	S. NEUER
Private Bag 14-901, Kilbirnie,	Arizona State University School of Life Sciences
Wellington 6021, New Zealand	Tempe, AZ 85287-4501 USA

Founder Editor: Dr Mary Sears

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**Cover Image:** Deep-sea hydrothermal vent organism tissues can contain organic forms of arsenic such as arsenobetaine and arsenosugars (i.e., arsenoribosides), in addition to inorganic forms such as arsenite and arsenate. The inorganic forms are most likely bioaccumulated from vent fluids and/or seawater. Their primary food source, microbial mats, thus far have not been shown to contain organoarsenic species. Thus, to date it is unclear if deep-sea vent organisms bioaccumulate these compounds through the food web or directly biosynthesize them through some as yet unidentified pathway. Previous work on arsenoribosides suggest they are synthesized by photosynthesizing algae, whereas the biosynthesis pathway for arsenobetaine is unclear, even for near-surface organisms. Price et al. (this volume) describes the potential pathways by which deep-sea vent organisms can obtain organoarsenicals. Several fields in the Eastern Manus Basin were sampled during the RV Sonne cruise SO-216, including Roman Ruins and the Papua New Guinea-Australia-Canada-Manus hydrothermal system. The top left image shows a black smoker from Roman Ruins. Vent biota are mostly found around lower temperature areas near the base of black smokers and associated with diffuse vent fluids. The vent biota analyzed for the Price et al. study included the hairy gastropods Alviniconcha hessleri (top right), Ifremeria nautilei gastropods (bottom left) living on the flanks of a black smoker in the Roman Ruins hydrothermal field in low temperature shimmering hydrothermal fluids, and the mollusk Bathymodiolus manusensis (bottom right). All photos from MARUM©.

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